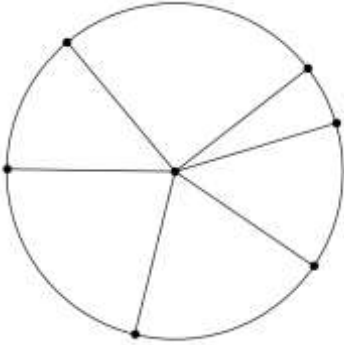
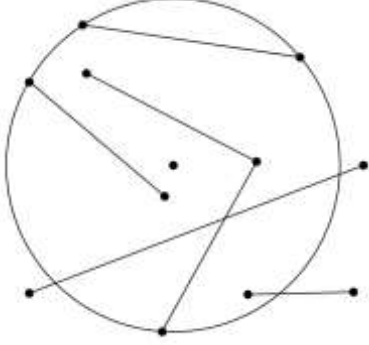
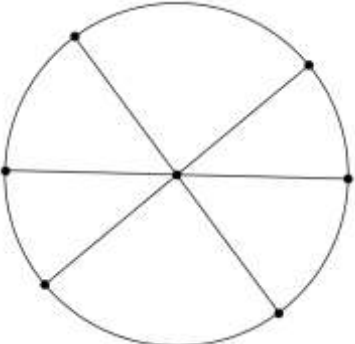
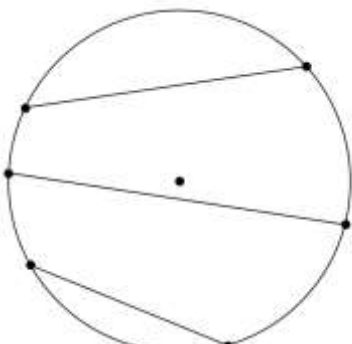

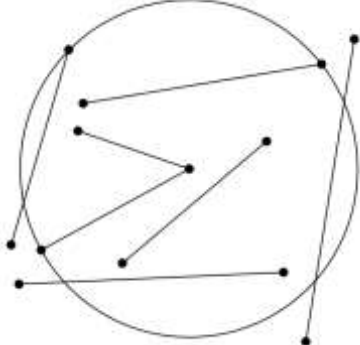




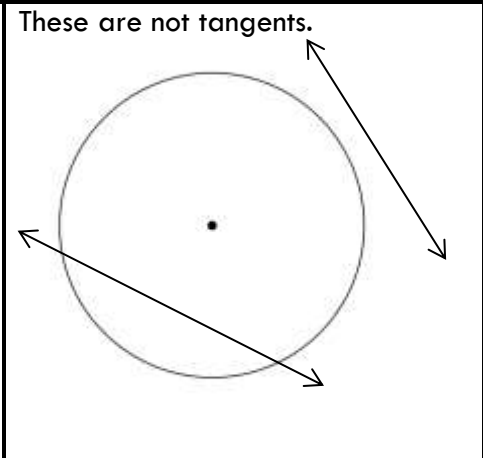
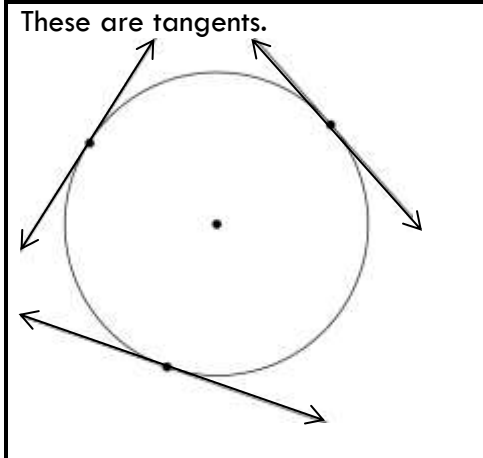
Angle Relationships in Circles

Engage – Answer Key

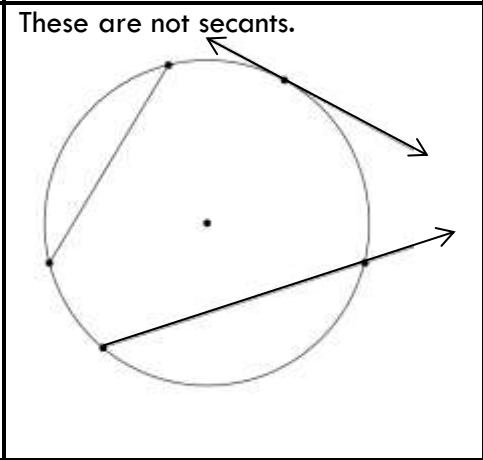
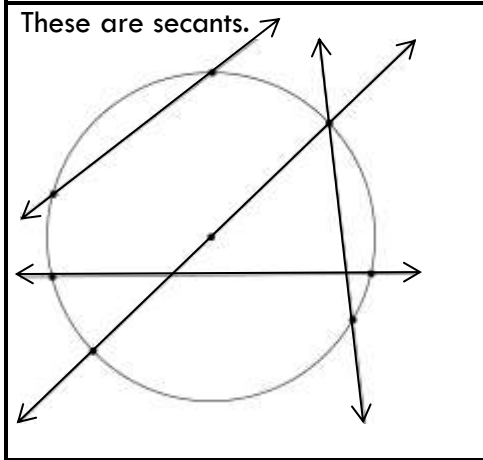
Directions: For each term below, examine the sets of examples and non-examples. Use your observations to write a definition for each term.

Examples	Non-Examples	Definition
<p>These are radii (plural of radius).</p> 	<p>These are not radii.</p> 	<p>Definition of Radius: A radius is a line segment with one endpoint at the center of the circle and one endpoint on the circle.</p>
<p>These are diameters.</p> 	<p>These are not diameters.</p> 	<p>Definition of Diameter: A diameter is a line segment with both endpoints on the circle that passes through the center of the circle.</p>
<p>These are chords.</p> 	<p>These are not chords.</p> 	<p>Definition of Chord: A chord is a line segment with both endpoints on the circle.</p>





Definition of Tangent:
A tangent is a line that intersects a circle at only one point.



Definition of Secant:
A secant is a line that intersects a circle at two points.

